

Megatrend USA

Individual employee feedback instead of surveys

In the USA, experts predict that employee surveys will become less important as an HR tool by 2025, both at annual intervals and in the form of micro surveys. The trend is moving towards more individual feedback from employees.

The reasons for realignment

From the perspective of organizations as feedback recipients, there are three main factors that are increasingly challenging the traditional survey approach.

1. **poor attendance**
Response rates have been falling for years. A lot of effort for little appreciation from employees.
2. **lack of authenticity**
“Favor feedback” or the fear of negative consequences distort survey results and the quality of the information they provide.
3. **lack of effect**
Despite an increase in micro-surveys, staff turnover rates are rising and employee commitment is steadily declining. Substantial improvements are hardly recognizable anymore.

The employees' perspective

On the other hand, employee disinterest in surveys has been increasing for years. The main reasons for this can be summarized in the following points.

1. **lack of relevance**
Topics, evaluation criteria and timing of the surveys are restrictively specified by the organizations. It is more of a coincidence if these points meet the currently relevant problems and challenges facing employees.
2. **lack of openness**
Critical topics are often avoided in surveys – often because the organization is afraid of negative ratings or for tactical reasons.
3. **lack of anonymity**
Despite assurances, anonymity is repeatedly undermined in surveys. Managers address their employees directly about their feedback or indirectly urge them to disclose their evaluations in debriefings of the survey results.
4. **no changes**
All too often, employees find that surveys often result in nothing more than lip service or cosmetic improvements. This leads to even more frustration and resignation.

A new approach to individual feedback

The use of artificial intelligence (AI) in surveys will not bring any improvement as long as the classic survey principles and objectives are not reconsidered. Companies will only benefit from AI if the approach to feedback collection is fundamentally changed. A new approach should fulfill the following principles.

1. **individuality**
Employees must be able to decide for themselves when and on what or to whom they want to give feedback.
2. **openness**
Feedback must be open to all topics that influence the efficiency, effectiveness, motivation and commitment of employees in their job.



3. **practical relevance**
Internal feedback must relate to employees' specific issues and not use academic models and studies.
4. **voluntariness & anonymity**
Intrinsically motivated feedback and protection of anonymity are the key prerequisites for authentic and relevant feedback from the organization.

These basic principles form the basis for the SMART FED feedback portal. It accumulates employees' experiences and perceptions in order to make the organization's strengths, potential and risks visible. This is the only way to act efficiently and effectively.

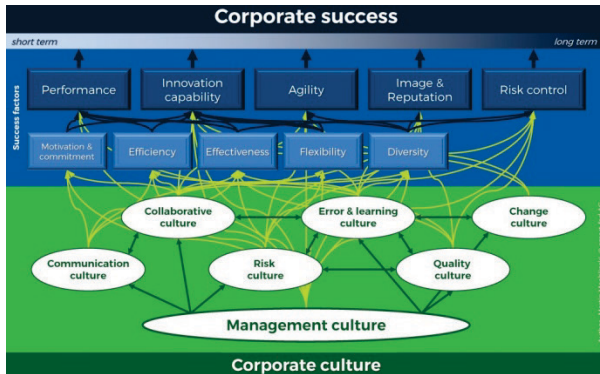
Appreciate your employees by listening to them openly and emphatically. This strengthens trust and has been proven to increase employee loyalty.

Author: Martin Mechlinski / SMART FED

Publications

<https://smart-fed.com/en/publications/>

Corporate Culture



Dimensions Of Appreciation



Toxic Corporate Culture



Employee Surveys & Feedback

Forms of employee surveys and employee feedback in companies.

Mood barometer	Pulse surveys	Microsurveys	Employee surveys	Smart feedback
Address: organization Form: online Structure: linear Interval: daily Anonymity: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Individuality: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Address: organization Form: online Structure: linear Interval: weekly to monthly Anonymity: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Individuality: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Address: organization Form: online Structure: linear Interval: weekly to semi-annually Anonymity: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Individuality: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Address: organization Form: paper/online Structure: linear Interval: annual to perennial Anonymity: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Individuality: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Address: organization Form: online Structure: linear Interval: t → at any time Anonymity: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Individuality: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Legend: 1. Near common occurrence 2. Protection of the anonymity of people giving feedback 3. Possibility for employees themselves to determine what and on what they would like to give feedback 4. Only if the data is evaluated by third parties and individual feedback cannot be directly or indirectly traced back to individuals. It is mostly organizational and demographic data.	Employee review Address: single person Form: personal Structure: linear Interval: annual Anonymity: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Individuality: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	360° feedback Address: single person Form: online Structure: linear Interval: annual Anonymity: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Individuality: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Instant feedback Address: single person Form: online Structure: open Interval: t → at any time Anonymity: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Individuality: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Goal: Measurement of the general mood in the organization. Goal: Measurement of the general working climate on the basis of established characteristics. Goal: Identification of the company in Employee Experience Measurement (EXM). Goal: Measurement of employee satisfaction or employee engagement. Goal: Identification of potentials for increasing employee motivation and commitment, as well as increasing efficiency, effectiveness and performance of the organization.

Sustainable Human Resource Management



Employee Survey Smart



Feedback Without Surveys



Employee surveys vs. AI

